**INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION NAME: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**STUDY GUIDE BLOCK: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**DATE: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**1.** **Early in the Industrial Revolution, why did many employers want to hire women and children rather than men to work in factories?**

A) Employers could pay women and children less B) Children were a burden at home and needed work

C) Men were farmers and did not need factory jobs D) Women and children were skilled workers.

**2.** **Which of the following is true about countries like England after they industrialized?**

A) Time for leisure activities decreased B) People began moving to the country

C) Workers usually made less money D) Overall standard of living increased

**3.** **Urbanization tends to occur as a result of industrialization. This is because**

A) People wanted to develop colonies B) People did not want to work in factories.

C) People moved to the cities for jobs D) People moved to the country to farm

**4.** **The Industrial Revolution led to the rise of a new class, the middle class. Which of the following is an example of a profession held by someone from the middle class?**

A) owner B) manager C) laborer D) investor

**5. The Industrial Revolution began in Great Britain for a number of reasons. Two advantages Great Britain had which were necessary for industrialization were**

A) Abundant land and a small population B) Unstable politics and a small landmass

C) Raw materials and a large workforce D) Private wealth and a strong military

**6.** **In what way was family life impacted by industrialization?**

A) Women were not allowed to work in factories B) There was a decrease in the birth rate

C) There was a rise in the middle class. D) Families relied on farming for food supplies

**7. A rise in industrialization during the late 1800s led to bad working conditions for many people. Due to various problems such as poor wages, overpopulation in cites, and pollution, many reformers wanted to replace the capitalist system with**

A) Democracy B) socialism C) totalitarianism D) anarchism

**8.** **Significant industrialization occurred earliest in which of the following countries?**

A) United States B) Japan C) Russia D) England

**9. One of the great societal changes brought about by the Industrial Revolution was**

A) ruralization B) slavery C) democracy D) urbanization

**10.** **The Industrial Revolution was a time of dramatic change in which production increased, prices decreased, and products were being mass produced by machines. This time period was especially important in fostering the development of  \_\_\_\_\_\_\_  economies.**

A) market B) traditional C) command D) central

**• water-pumping engine • railroad travel**

**• factory machinery • faster ships**

**11. In the Industrial Revolution of the early 1800s, the above items were powered by which technology?**

1. wind power B) electric power C) steam power D) atomic power

**12. The industrialization of a country involves an economic switch AWAY from a/an \_\_\_\_\_ based economy.**

A) agriculture B) technology C) manufacturing D) information

**13. The flying shuttle and the spinning jenny are two inventions that improved which industry?**

A) mining B) shipbuilding C) textiles D) farming

**14. Which of these was a negative characteristic of factory labor?**

A) Factory machines did not work very fast B) Factory working conditions were not safe

C) Factory work was difficult for people to learn D) Factory machines needed too many workers

**15. The Industrial Revolution brought factories and the factory system to cities. Which of these is an effect that this factory system had on everyday life?** A) Women and children worked more B) Only adult males could find jobs C) More people worked from their homes. D) It was not very difficult to find a job

**16. Which natural resource became the chief source of fuel in the Industrial Revolution?** A) coal B) oil C) steam D) peat

**17. What effect did the Industrial Revolution have on agriculture?**  A) Farming needed more people, but it produced more goods B) Farming produced more goods and needed fewer people C) Farming was no longer necessary for the economy D) Farming was able to be done in cities with factories

**18. Significant industrialization occurred earliest in which of the following countries?**

A) Japan B) England C) Russia D) United States

**19. During the Industrial Revolution, income per person increased, agricultural production increased and industrial production increased. What else can we assume changed and increased during the Industrial Revolution?**

**20. Industrialization led to urbanization. Why would bustling industry make more people move to cities? What happened as people moved to cities?**